JUDGE DUKE TO

Charlottesville Man Likely to Make Bid for Gubernatorial

Nomination.

POLITICS

Retirement of Berry Means Promotion for Senator

Martin.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.) WASHINGTON, D. C., April 3.-"I an Sidacy for the Democratic nomination for Charlottesville, at the Capitol "I have received letters from all sections of Virginia asking me to be candidate, and while I have not indicated to anybody that it is my intention to ninke an effort to secure the nomination frank to say that there is likeli hood of my entering the race.

the State, and is universally He has done a great deal of and in other ways, and would the support of many of the most party workers in Virginia, The the same county, would greatly of Senator Martin, but that the two come from the same county would greatly strengthen him in his candidacy. With strengthen him in his candidacy. With II. St. George Tucker, Carter Glass and Henry C. Stuart certainly in the field, and Judge Duke, Judge Mann, and, possibly Captain Willard in a "receptive" traine of mind, at least, the fight three years and a half hence bids fair to be even warmer than that of last summer.

Congressional Contests.

Congressional Contests.

Congressional fights this fail promise to be tame all round, so far as Repusilican opposition is concerned, or opposition for the nomination. Mr. Hay is already by the nominee in the Seventh District, yesterday being the last day on which notice of candidacy could be filed. No notice of opposition for the nomination could be given. It is not probable that there will be opposition to Mr. Hay's renomination. It is not probable that there will be opposition to Mr. Hay's nemination for some years to come, at lenst. Next Tuesday is the last day on which notice can be filed in Mr. Glass's district, and he will probably be declared the nominee by the District Committee. Notice of opposition to the re-

fact, is almost certain, that nobody will try to prevent his renomination from a district he has represented for several successive terms.

The only members who will have opposition for renomination, so far as known, are Messrs, Maynard and Southall. In fact, there has been no announcement of opposition to Mr. Maynard's renomination, but it is generally understood that Judge Tucker Brooke, of Norfolk, or Colonel George Cabell, of that elty, or Mr. R. W. Withers, of Suffolk, will oppose him. It is possible that all three may enter the contest, but this is not regarded as likely.

The contest in the Fourth has already opened up. Major Francis R. Lassiter, who represented the district in Congress prior to the election of Mr. Southall, is hard at work for a nomination again, and Colonel William H. Mann, of Petersburg, and Judge Leonidas D. Yarrell, of Greenesville county, declare they are in the race to stay. Friends of Major Lassiter say that Colonel Mann will withdraw from the fight, despite the persistent declarations of the friends of Colonel Mann would appear to be necessary to the passing of Major Lassiter, and. ould appear to be necessary to fination of Major L'assiter, and, to the defeat of Mr. Southall

Promotion for Sen. Martin.

Pabst Malt Is Eight-Day Malt.

It Makes Pabst Beer Richest in Nourishment and Physicians Recommand It Becausa It Is So Strengthening-

Sirengihening.

Prabst eight-day mait is the secret of the superiority of Pabst beer. The hops are the choicest, the water pure, the process spotlessly clean. These things are never neglected, but it is the exclusive Pabst eight-day mait that gives Pabst Beer its rich nutrition. It is the Pabst beer its rich nutrition. It is the Pabst beer the rich method of brewing that gives the Pabst beer the rich methow flavor found in no other and that marks it perfect beer.

Perfect mait is only made by the exclusive Pabst eight-day method. This process doubles the expense of the old four-day process of making mait, used by many brewers. Four-day muit cannot make perfect beer such as Pabst Beer because it is the product of a forced and unnatural process of development. Beer made from four-day mait lacks the nutritious food elements which distinguish Pabst Beer.

Physicians say there is nothing better than Pabst Bue Ribbon Beer as a vitalizing tonic, because they know how it is made. They know the Pabst process and understand the importance of the perfect purity and cleanliness. They know the healthfulness of the beer produced by the Pabst process.

People, and especially doctors, demand that everything they cat and drink be absolutely clean. Pabst Beer is always clean and wholesome. The broweryeis cleaner than the cleanest kitchen. In the long process of brewing, Pabst Beer pover comes in contact with anything inclean. The tubes through which it is run, from the time the grain is mashed until the beer is bottled or kegged, ary iterilized, to prevent any impurity or uncleanliness. It is not fermented in pine vais, as is usual in breweries, but in special Pabst bernetcally sealed anks, into which and rescent pure, littered air ever enters. It is stored in hermetically sealed, glass-lined storage lanks, into which and rescent pure, littered air ever enters. It is stored in hermetically sealed, glass-lined storage lanks, into which and rescent pure, littered air ever enters. It is stored in hermetically sealed, glass-lined st

PABST BREWING CO., Richmond Branch, EUGENE BLOTTNER, Manager, Phone 386. Hancock and Marshali Sts Pabst Blue Ribbon Beer Order a Case for your Home To-Day,

WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD.

ts Effect is the Same in All Countries

To the Manufacturers of "ELIXIR BA-BEK."

Gentlemen: During the summer of 18—1 contracted the disease known as malarla. After a year's fruitless treatment by a prominent Washington physician, I was entirely cured by your ELIXIR BA-BEK. Upon my arrival in this country I was again stricken with malaria, but this time in a worse form—the tropical malaria. Remembering the merits of your remedy. I immediately sent for some, Again It proved to me that for malaria it was far superior to any physician's treatment.

treatment.
Elikir Babek in this country is worth
its weight in gold. Respectfully yours,
BRASIE O'HAGAN.
Troop E. Sikih U. S. Cavalry, "Balayan,"
Province of Batangas, Luzon Island,

For sale by all druggists, 50e per bot-



JUDGE R. T. W. DUKE.

In Washington yesterday he stated that he was seriously considering announc-ing his candidacy for the governorship.

on the District of Columbia, and of the Committee on Claims. In case of a Democratic majority in the Senate, Senator Martin would have his choice of the chairmanship of either of these committees. Senator Martin, on the retirement of Senator Berry, will probably remove his office from the Maltby building to the room of the Committee on Engrossed Bills, which is on the Senate floor of the Capitol, in the northwest corner, and much better quarters than those Senator Martin has occupied for some years.

Scenting Graft

Scenting Graft.

Representatives from the States of Louisiana and Colorado, have been heard

A Mysterious Fight.

under consideration. Mr. Gaines showed that in 1961, five years ago, the Bureau had fourteen employes, and was conducted at a cost of £10,855. In 1906 the Bureau has increased to eighty-seven employes, and was conducted at an expense of \$154,660. Under the present appropriation bill, passed by the House, the Bureau is to have ninety emitoyes, and will cost \$177,940. Thus the expenses of the Bureau have multi-

measure. To change the measure of land from the acre system to the hectare system would mean a world of work and would involve the title to every plece of real estate in interminable litigation. This would be especially true, it is urged, in the States which are surveyed under the township and range system—that is to say all the States of the Union except the thirteen original States, Vermont, Kentucky, Tennessee, Texas and a portion of Ohio.

The testimony offered in a metric system hearing before the committee will be printed some time, it is hoped, and when it is, there will be some interesting reading.

Dr. Stratton, director of the United States Bureau of Standards, in his testimony before that committee declared four fundamental system of weights and measures is not worth a dam." This shows what an earnest advocate the metric system has in the bureau. The metric system has in the bureau. The metric system alwocates have a great deal of money behind them, there is an energetic press bureau and tons of literature. No one knows exactly what interest is concerned, but Gaines, of Tennessee, is on the trail and when he finds

out about it he will let the

Nominations Confirmed.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 4.—The
Senate, in executive session, to-day, confirmed the nomination of Civil Engineer
Mordecal T. Endicott, United States navy,
to be chief of the bureau of yards and
docks: Michael Kerwin pension agent at
New York City.

Places Control of Stations, Grounds and Anchorage Under Secretary of the Treasury.

Several Southern Members Vigorous in Opposition to Measure.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—By a vote of 202 to 26, the House to-day passed the

ance with the regulations of the pulse health and Marine Hospital Service, and that every person interfering with or obstructing such carrier or any passenger or any instrumentality of commerce, in any such carriage or journey, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction may be punished by a fine not exceeding three hundred dollars, or be imprisoned for a period not exceeding one year, or both, in the discretion of the court. It is provided that this section shall not be construed as giving authority to any person to debark or unload freight in any locality contrary to the lawful regulations.

When the House convened, Mr. Williams (Mississippi) reported a rule from the Committee on Rules, bringing before the House the national quarantine bill, debate being limited to four horsesticated.

the House the national quarantine bill, dehate being limited to four hours.

Mr. Dalzell (Pennsylvania) facetiously called the attention of the House to the position assumed by the leader of the minority reporting a rule to consider a great constitutional question which night, with entire propriety be considered for a week or even three weeks. The leader of the minority participated in the humor of the situation. Mr. Williams, after the applause died out, said that he would take occasion to express his opinion, during the course of the debate of a code of rules which required him, in order to se-

third of the country from the ravages of a foe more deadly than an armed host, to resort to such a procedure.

Mr. Bartlett (Georgia) said he was op-posed fo both the rule and the bill. The rule was adopted.

Lengthy Debate.

Lengthy Debate,

Mr. Brantley (Georgia), saw under the constitution the right of Congress to control, direct and manage all quarantine stations, grounds and anchorages which it might establish, and saw no invasion of the right of a State.

Mr. Henry (Texas), in opposition to the measure said, representing 2,000,000 people in part, he would resist with all his might the aim of Congress to take away from the people of Texas the right to make their own quarantine regulations.

Mr. Bowers (Mississippi), in favoring the bill, said he believed it the plain duty of the government to protect the health of the government to government the government to government the government any interference with its quarantine laws.

"I am greatly interested in this bill,"

laws.
"I am greatly interested in this bill," said Mr. Williams (Mississippi), "and as its author, I want to say that nobody, not an idiot, ever thought that the Senate had any authority outside of its boundaries. This bill is a public accessity. There is not a thing in this bill that are worst outless the secred rights of the State, reserved and eat in the desert of Chara could affect the atmos-phere of the Artle Circle."

States' Rights,

the expenses of the Bureau have multiplied seventeen times in seven years.

Mr. Gaines charged that the bureau was being increased, fed and fattened, so that it might be used when the time comes to force the use of the metric system upon the people of the country.

The chairman of the committee, Mr. Southard, of Ohio, had declared that the fees received by the bureau would make it almost self-supporting. Mr. Gaines showed by statistics that the fees of the bureau were but little over \$2,000 a year, as one-half the work done was for the government. But the wheels were greased and the appropriation went through.

From Acres to Hectares.

Mr. Gaines is going on with his fight against the metric system. The opposition to the compulsory adoption of the system is based largely upon the confusion it would cause, especially in land measure. To charge the measure of land from the acre system to the hectare system would mean a world of work and would involve the title to every plece of real estate in interminable litigation. This would be especially true, it is neveral in the States which are sur-

was then passed.
At 5:42 P. M., the House adjourned.

LET STOCKHOLDERS SAY,

Pou Would Have Contributions Determined in This Way.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 3.—Representative Pout of North Carolina, introduced a bill to-day to prevent campaign contributions from corporations subject to the jurisdiction of the laws of the united States, unless the same shall be authorized by stockholders.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 3.—The
President to-day sent to the Senate the
ollowing nomination: of customs, District of Cherry

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Chart Fletchise

By all Means Visit the Store During the

Animatime dale



This is by far the most tempting period during which to select

That New Spring Suit!

Every new creation is represented in this display of new Spring models-every new suit thought that Dame Fashion has predicted for Springtime

See this exposition of models to-day!



Richmond's Representative Suit Store

SENSATION IS CAUSED BY APPOINTMENT OF BARNES





JOHN A. MERRITT.

The appointment of Benjamin F. Darnes, absistant secretary of President Roosevelt, to succeed John A. Merriti postmaster at Washington, who has been made collector of customs at the port of Niagara Falls, has caused a storm in the national capital and throughout th country, Barnes is the man who ordered the forcible ejection of Mrs. Minor Mc ris from the White House recently. The appointment may be delayed in the Se, ate and defeated,

of the rights of the carrier, secured by

bill so as to transfer the ra function to the courts by providing for a review of the orders that would per mit the courts to go into the whole question of determining whether the rates were wise and fair, and the question of wisdom and policy, and substitute the judgment of the courts upon the questions which are for the judgment of the com-

Criticise President.

During Mr. Long's speech there was quite a spirited discussion of his amendment and its origin. There had been a controversy over the words "just compensation" which have been frequently used in debate, Mr. Bailey was anxious to have answered the question concerning the White House conference of last Saturday.

day by Mr. Long agreed upon at that conference, and did such a conference oc

Texas Scantor, addressed in which seem to Allison.
"I went to the White House on invitation," Mr. Allison said, and to my own knowledge this important question of just compensation was not considered at that

time."

Air. Balley then asked Mr. Long to state whether his amendment had been agreed on at the conference.

"This amendment," responded Mr. Long, "was prepared by soveral gentlemen not at the White House."

Mr. Balley then asked whether the amendment was considered by the conference, and Mr. Long responded that the conference did consider the amendment. Mr. Balley remarked that this admission had had the effect of clarifying the situation. He then induiged in a brief criticism of the President for his participation in the conference, saying a brief criticism of the President for ma participation in the conference, saying that the Constitution provides a way for the Chief Executive to communicate with the Senate and that it did not contemplate that he should merely lavite a few friends, all of his own party to consider contemplated legislation.

Mr. Allison interrupted, saying: "I was not invited to a conference, I was invited to the White House."
Replying to Mr. Foraker, Mr. Allison said: "I may say in brief that I decline to say what transpired at a private meeting at the President's house."

Bacon Takes Hand.

Mr. Bacon said he wanted to know whether if the President has the right to suggest an amendment at this stage of the proceeding, it would be necessary posible modifications of the

posible modifications of the provision to ascertain whether it is acceptable.
"The amendment is nothing more nor less than a suggestion," said Mr. Long. Mr. Bacon demanded to know the source of the amendment.
"A suggestion from whom? From the President?" he asked.
"From myself" answered Mr. Long.

"A suggestion from whom? From the President?" he asked.

"From myself," answered Mr. Long.

"Ah," replied Mr. Bacon with evident disappointment.

Recurring to the merits of the controversy, Mr. Bacon referred to the newspaper account of the conference, and said the fact that Mr. Long had introduced in the Senate the amendment as the papers had said he would, had completely proborated the accounts, "This," he said, "shows that the amendment originated in the White House conference and not with the Senator from Kansas, with those who have no right to propose amendments. The Senator from Kansas, with those who have no right to propose amendments. The Senator from Kansas knows that without the aid of the Democratic members of the committee on interstate commerce, out of the committee and that without the rid of Democratic Senators it would be impossible to pass the pending bill, Therefore, I want to publicly complain of the course taken."

Washington Affairs,

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 3.—Patents
issued residents of Virginia;
William L. Baille, Norfolk, nursing garment; George W. Hale, Norfolk, barbers appliance; Francis A. Rumey,
Woodstock, car coupling; James J., Shelton, Richmond, water wheel; George W.
Swisher, Clifton Forge, beamless car
brake.

Swisber, Clifton Forge, beamless car brake.
Postmasters appointed:
Virginia-Starkey, Patrick county, T.
A. Roberson, vice W. A. Roberson, resigned.
North Carolina-Smokemont, Swain county, Hettic A. Sutton, vice Montgomery Smith, resigned.
North Carolina routes ordered establisher May 15; Fullers, Randolph county, route 1, population 40, houses 100, Trotville, Gates county, route 1, population 40, houses 102.

AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA, IN PURSUANCE TO THE LAWS OF VIRGINIA.

esident—HON. GEO. A. COX.

cretary—C. C. FOSTER.

nicipal office—22 WELLINGTON STREET, EAST TORONTO,

neral Agent in Virginia, JULIUS STRAUS; residence, RICHMOND, VA.

ganized or incorporated, AUGUST, 1851; commenced business, AUGUST, 1851.

BONDS AND STOCKS OWNED ABSOLUTELY BY THE COMPANY

premiums (Including both eash and bills) received and receivable upon all unexpired inland navigation rieks \$135,065,38; uncarned premiums (60 per cont.)
Trous premiums (cash and bills) received and receivable on all unexpired marine risks, 100 per cont.

RECEIPTS DURING THE YEAR.

Pire. Marine and Inland

\$85,053 41 533,369 48 \$508,422 89

\$546,966 9S

Aggregate amount of receipts actually received during the year in cash ...

DISBURSEMENTS DURING THE YEAR,
Fire. Marine and Inland. Gross amount actually paid for losses (including \$102,914.27 losses occurring in previous years).

Deduct all amounts actually received for salvage (whether on losses of the last or of previous years), \$5,334.35, and all amounts actually received for reinsurance in other companies, \$115,397.75. Total deduction....

\$1,543,464 07 £06,729 94

employees
Paid for taxes ste
All other payments and expenditures. Aggregate amount of actual disbursements during the year, BUSINESS IN THE STATE OF VIRGINIA DURING THE YEAR.

Dominion of Canada, Province of Ontario, County of York—38.; City of Toronto, County of York—38.; 1988, before Sworn to, January 73, 1988, before JOHN H. HUNTER, Notary Public.

JULIUS STRAUS & SONS, Agents,

WESTERN ASSURANCES COMPANY, OF TORONTO. 1013 East Main Street.